

≈ introduction ≈

this booklet contains several non-electronic, single-purpose, handmade, artisanal, coloring, digital computers.

they compute when you collaborate with them by following the rules of play.

the booklet contains three series of computers computers that compare, computers that count, and computers that play.

before each series there's a description of what they do and what you can do with them.

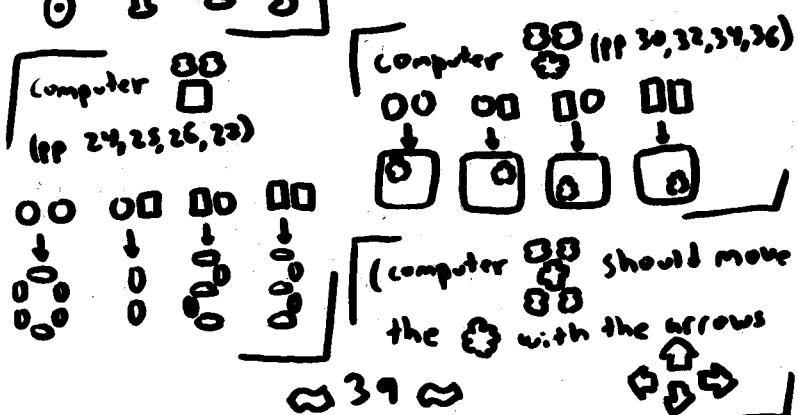
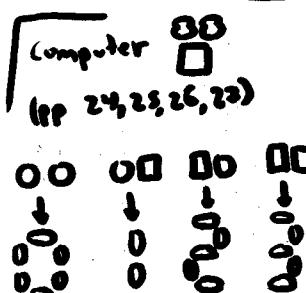
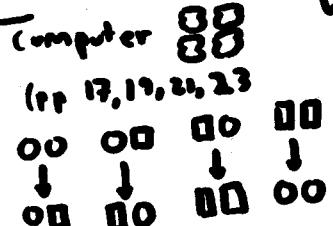
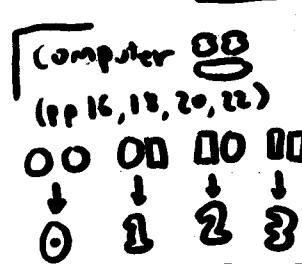
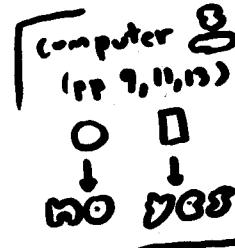
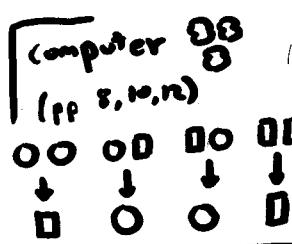
the idea is to expose the inner workings of these digital computers and to help reveal how they can perform complex operations with a combination of simple components.

i hope you enjoy this digital time!

-pepepepe

≈ 2 ≈

≈ key of results ≈



computer 00 should move the 0 with the arrows

≈ 3 ≈

≈ rules of play ≈

choose two colors!

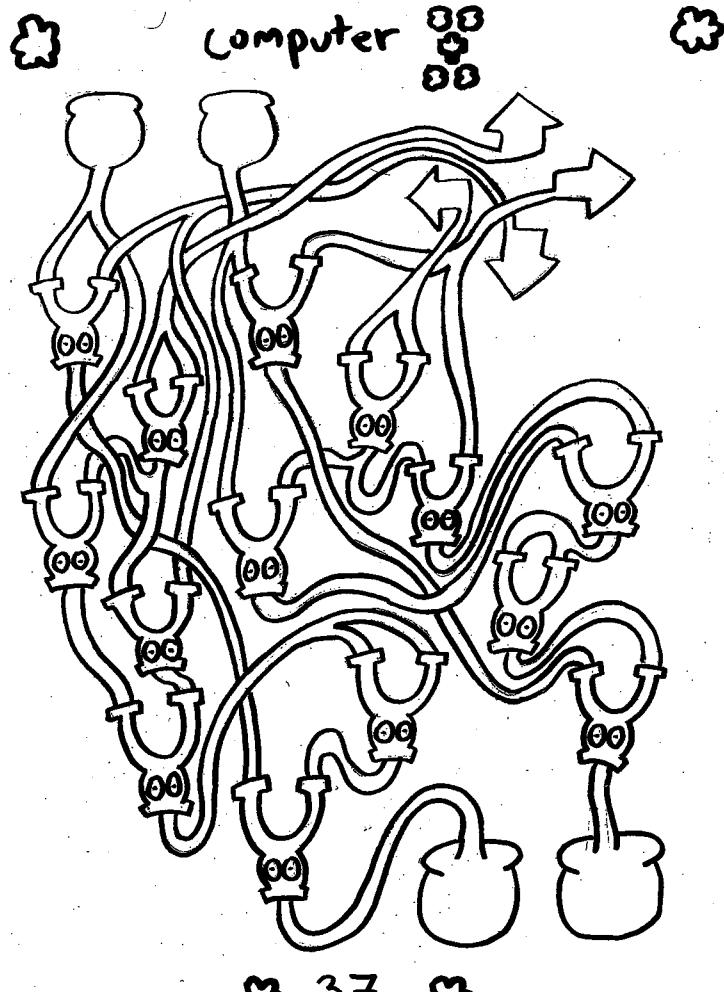
a □ color and a ○ color

color the
above
each computer

(use either
one of the
two colors)
□ ○

follow
the paths

until you reach
other shapes,
or a tiny



≈ 4 ≈

37

coloring computers

© 2018 pepepepe

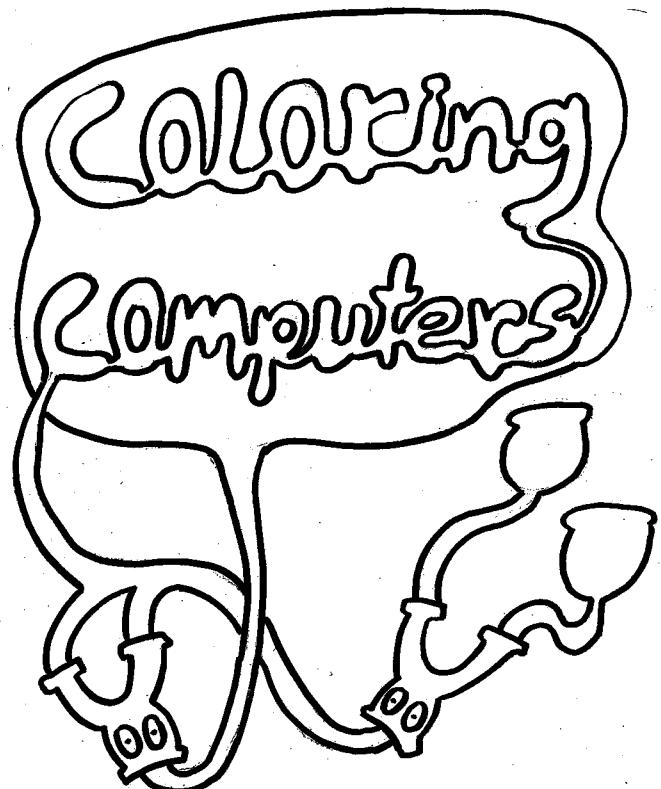
this work is licensed under the
creative commons attribution-share alike 4.0
international license (cc by-sa 4.0)

feel free to photocopy, download, print, modify
and share this work as long as you
attribute it and keep the license :)

0 ygczxefc(j3mfdxe76drv3hh04ilcghsjjzxwukdxyst7keialc2pe
dat://96224e3fb64626428f20c2c7cc632afbbb6d9f0939a63fqd
<https://pepepepepe.eccs.world/coloringcomputers>

contact: pepepepepe@eccs.world

9tbfet500588



≈ afterword ≈

hopefully you enjoyed collaborating
with these coloring computers!
from a technical standpoint, and in case
you want to know more of how they work,
they are all nor-based logic circuits,
similar to several logic systems that
exist within electronic computers.
they were designed by using truth tables,
karnaugh maps, and maxterms expansion.
the numeric representation is binary.
from a social, political and environmental
perspective these computers are an exploration
of computation without electricity and
semiconductors, an attempt to reinvent digital
systems away from efficiency and productivity,
and a hopeful prototype to expose
the inner workings of computers.

≈ table of contents ≈

introduction	2
table of contents	3
rules of play 00 00	4
computers that compare	6
00 00 00 00	
computers that count	14
00 00 00 00 00 00	
computers that play	28
00 00 00 00	
afterword	38
key of results	39

Computer that compares

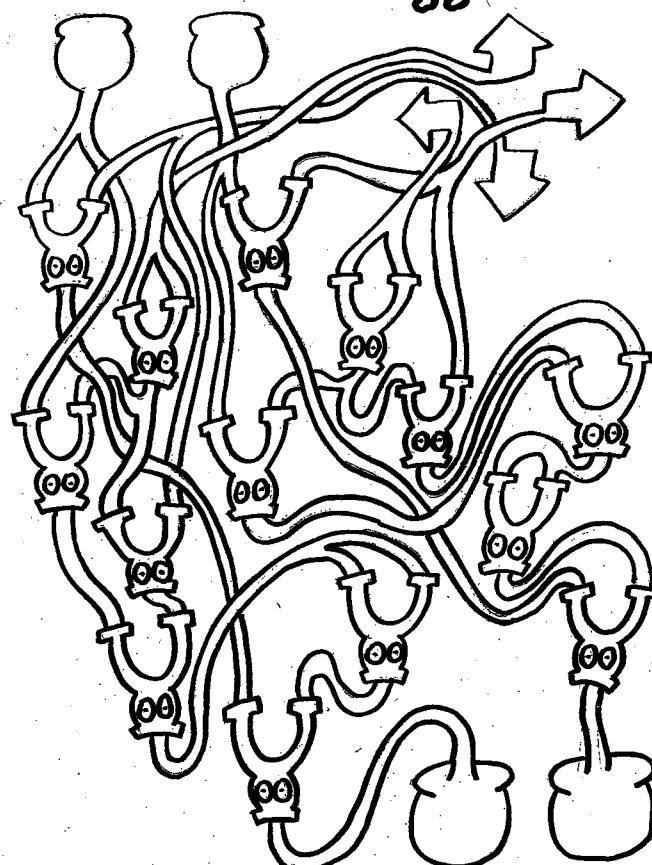
in the next few pages there are
two types of computer:

Computer 00 is designed
to answer if the colors in its
□ □ are the same or not.
it answers with one color in □

Computer 00 decodes
the answer from Computer 00
translating it from a color
□ to a highlighted
YES or NO

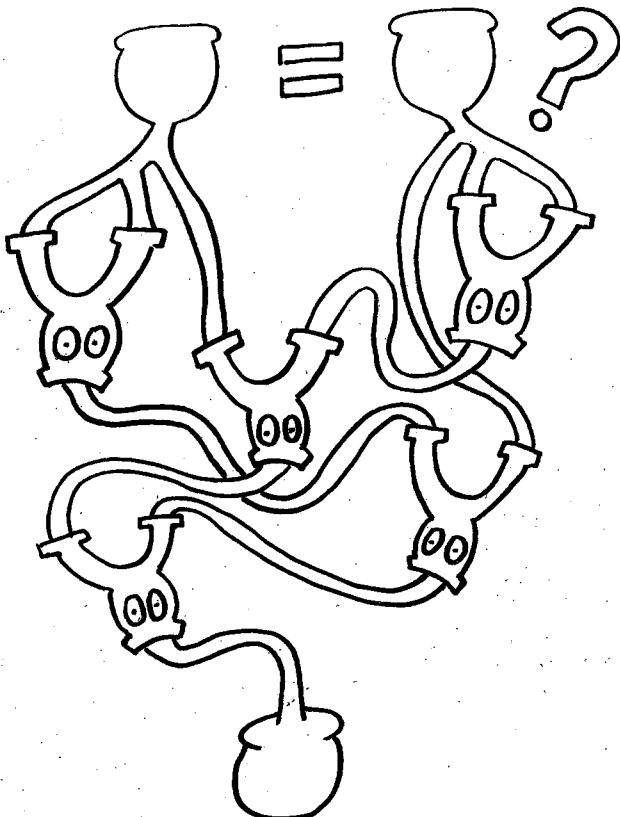
226 22

Computer 00



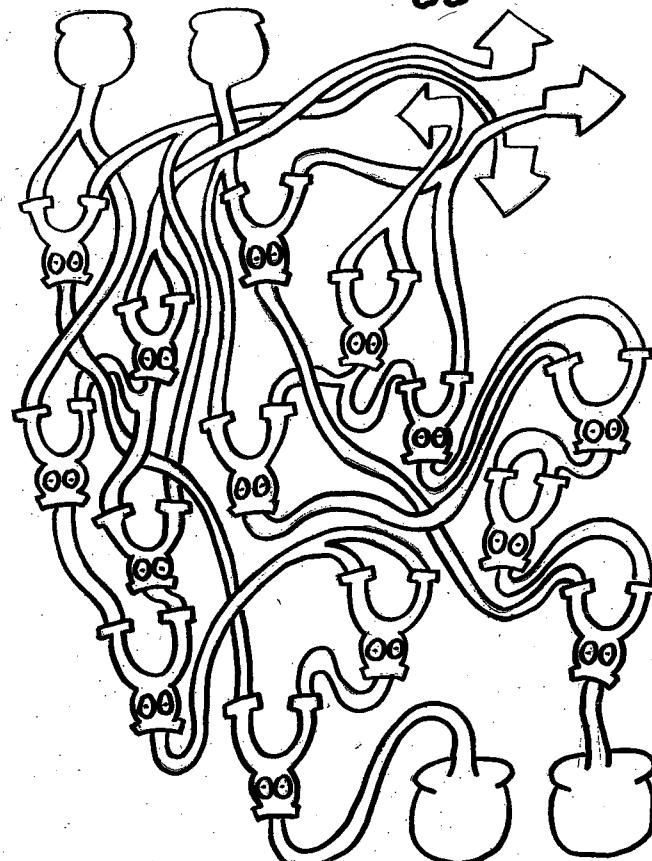
35

Computer 00

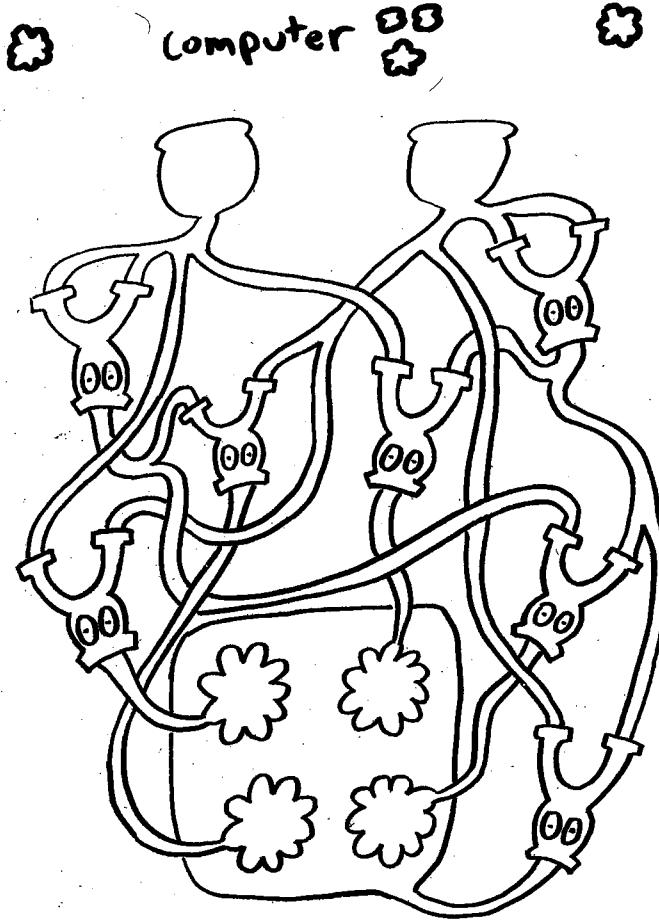


228 22

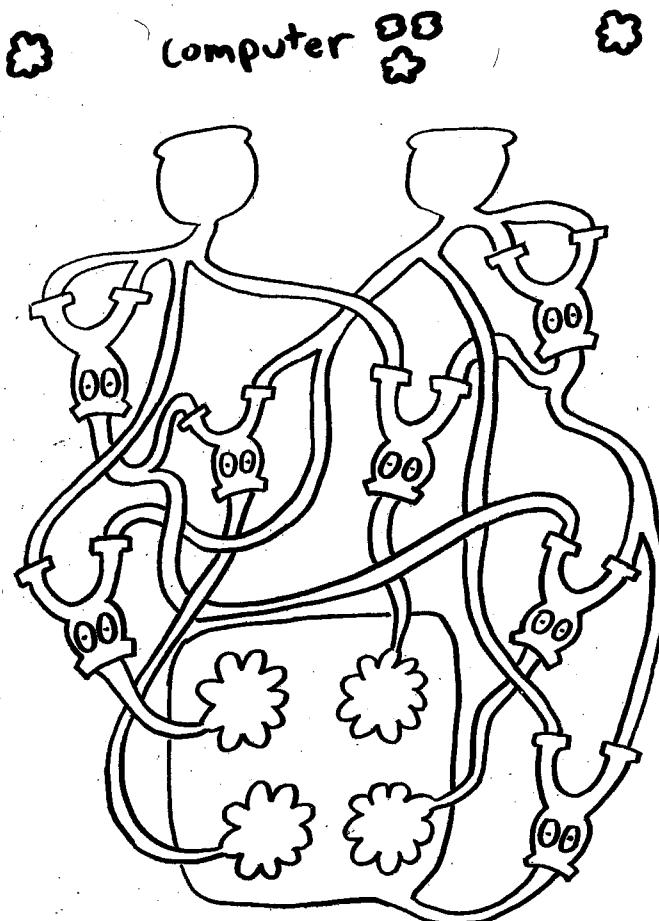
Computer 00



33



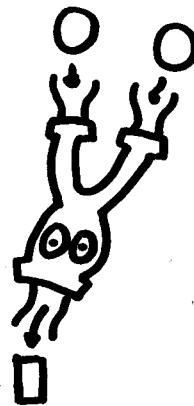
36



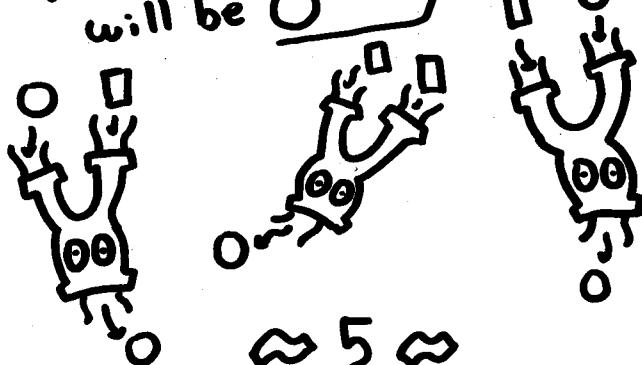
34

Follow the nory rule!

the color coming out
will be □
only when
both colors coming in
are ○



in any other case
the color coming out
will be ○



5

what you can do

test if the computers do
what i say they do!
(answer if the colors in □□ are the same)

for each pair of □□ & ○ computers

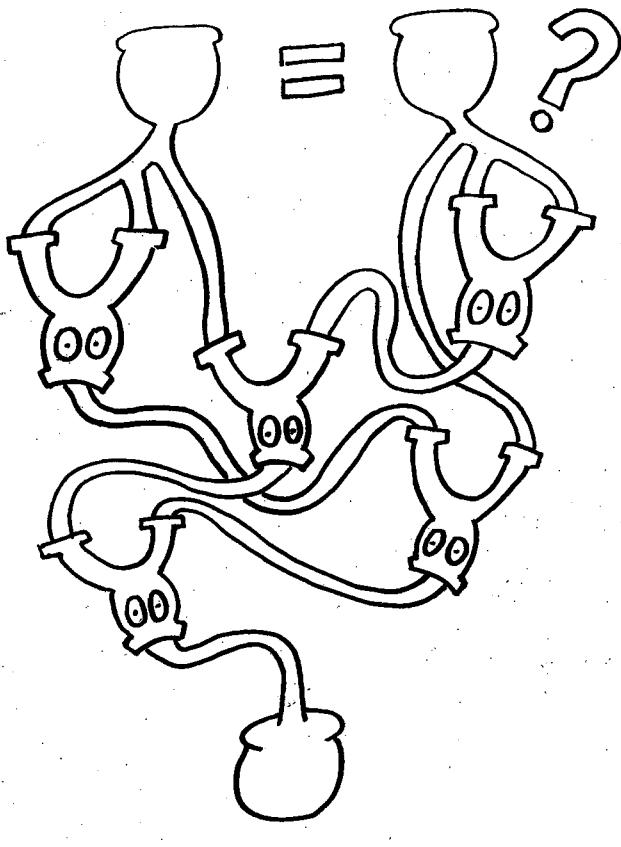
try a different combination
of colors in the □□
of computer □□

copy the result
to computer ○

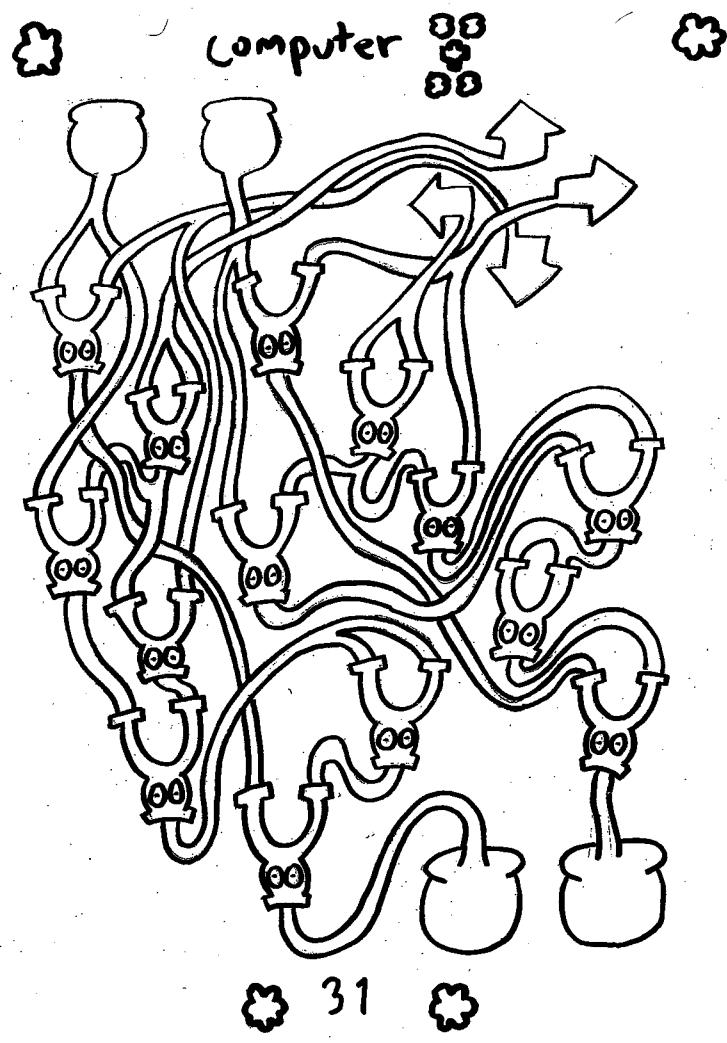
and see if the answer makes sense!

75

Computer

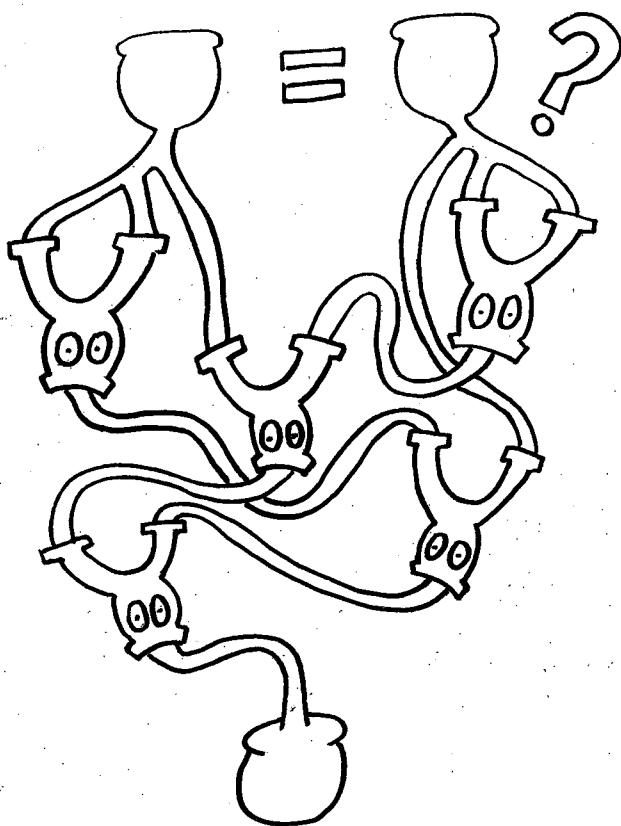


10

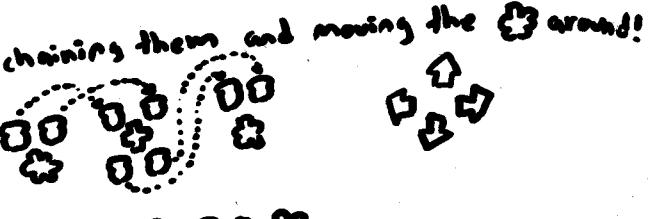


31

Computer



12



29

what you cardo

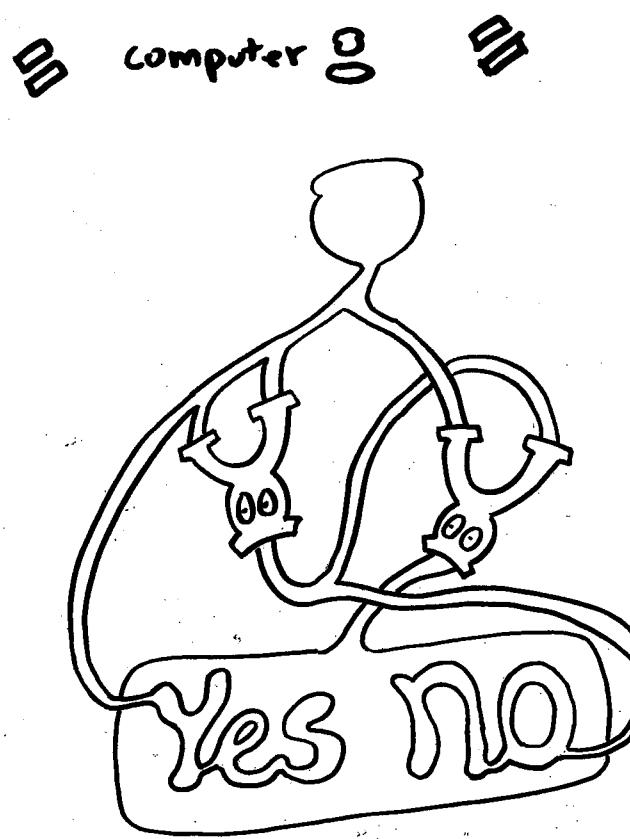
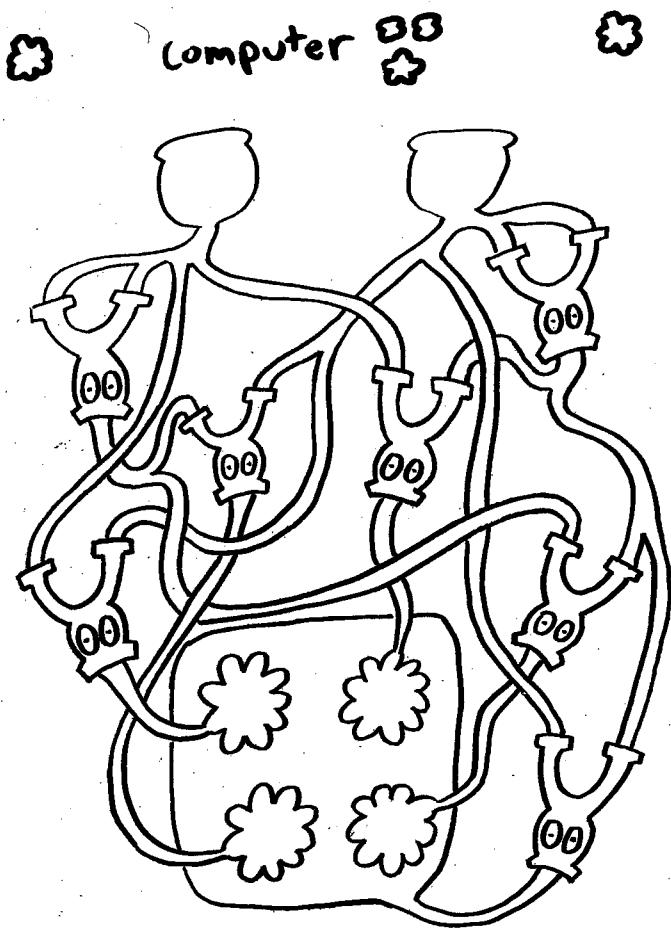
Start with any combination
of colors in the of computer
to get the initial position of the

copy the two colors (same order)
from computer to

and activate at least one arrow
to get a possibly new combination
of colors

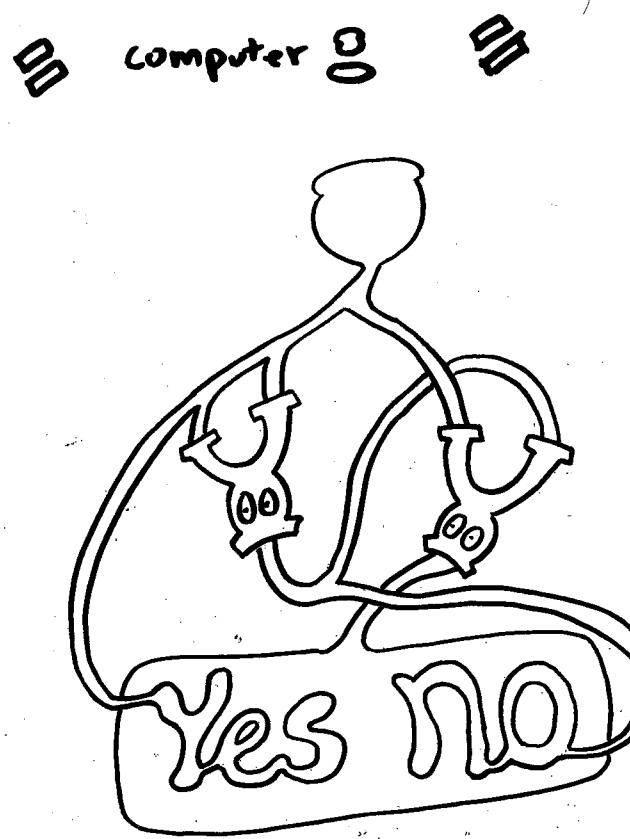
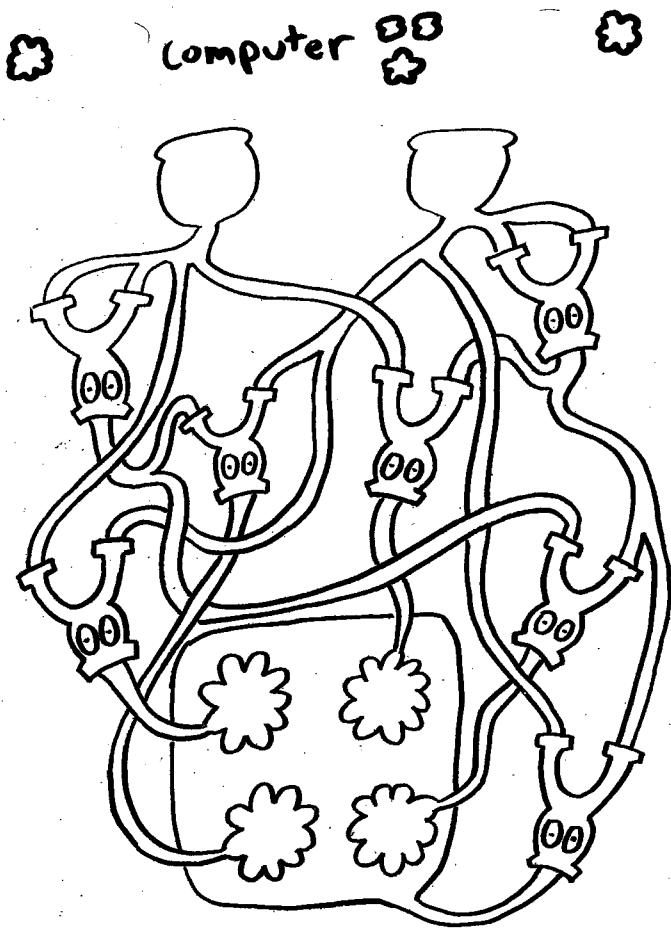
copy these colors to a new computer
to see the updated position of the

keep chaining them and moving the around!



32

9



30

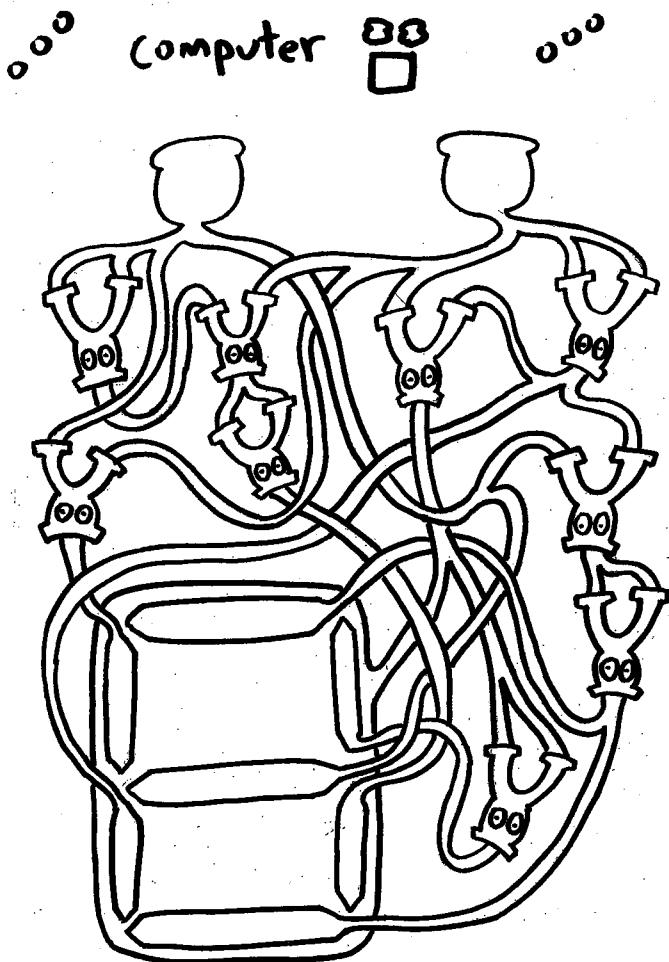
11

°°° computers that count °°°
the following computers work with
a pair of °° that represent numbers
(according to an arbitrary system)

Computer °° takes the colors
in its °° and highlights
the numeral they represent 0123

Computer °° takes the colors
in its °° and calculates the colors
that correspond to the next number
00

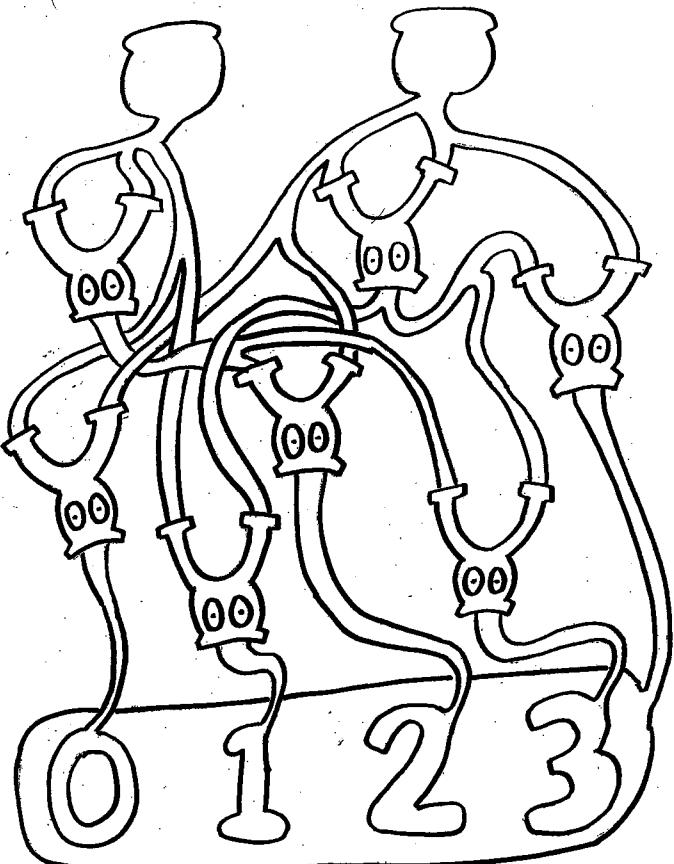
Computer °° is like °°
but constructs the numeral
in a seven segment display
(so retro!)



°°° 14 °°°

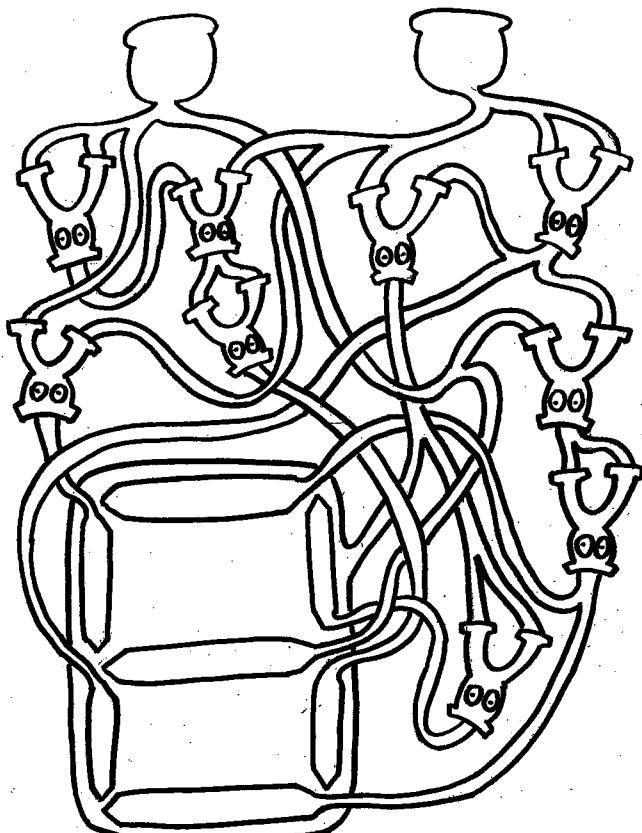
°°° 27 °°°

°°° Computer °° °°°



°°° 16 °°°

°°° Computer °° °°°



°°° 25 °°°

computers that play

these computers work with shapes that represent the position of a flower inside a square. you can move it with a gamepad

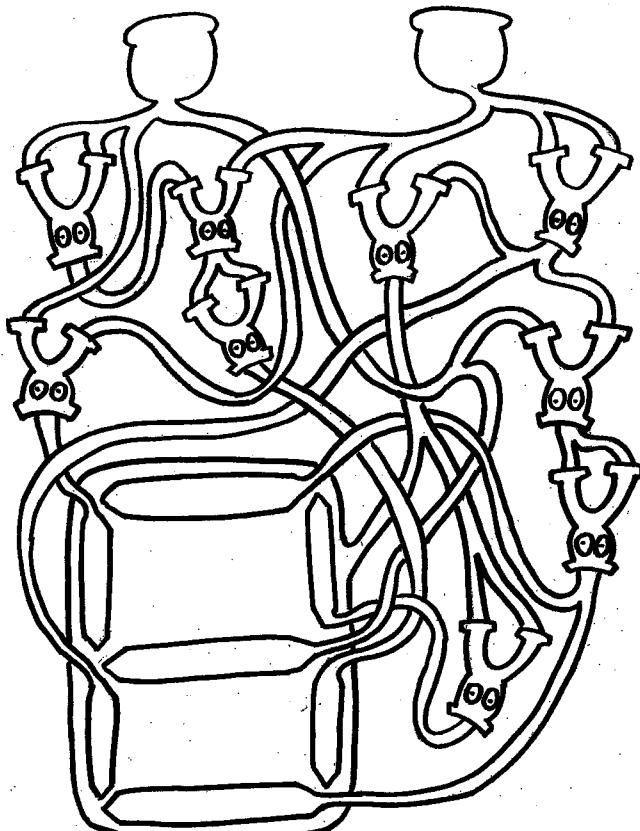
computer takes the colors in the square and highlights one of the flowers in the square

computer takes the colors in the square and the state of the flowers to calculate a new pair of colors

to activate an arrow color it with a flower and color the others with other flowers

28

computer



26

computer



13

what you can do

start with any combination of colors in the square of computer and see to which number they correspond

copy the two colors (same order) from computer to to get the colors of the next number

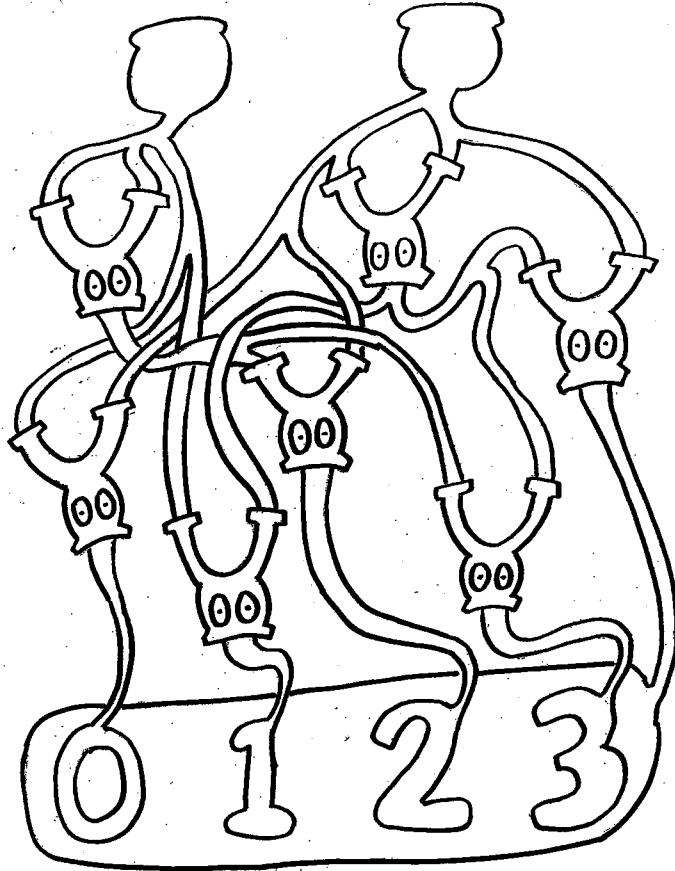
but is it the next number? use another computer to find out! you can then keep chaining them...



use computer to decode the same sequence of numbers or to see if you figured out the system number

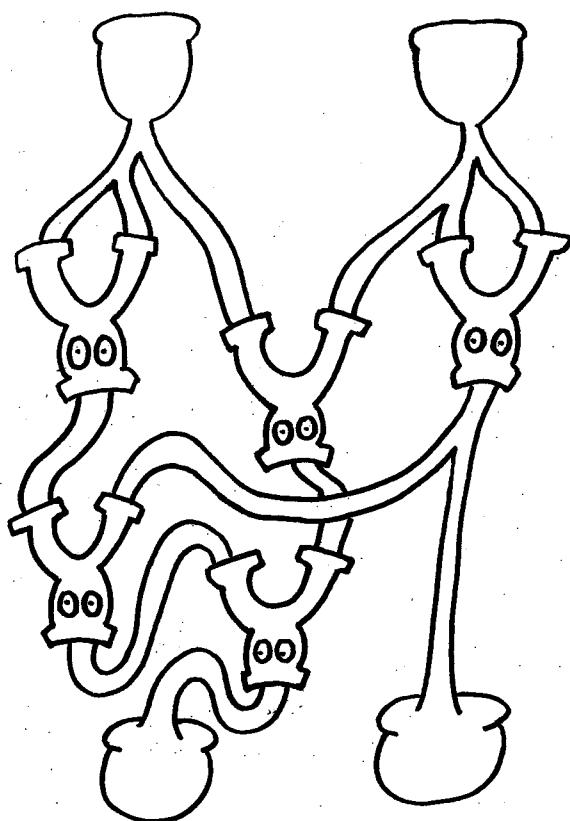
15

°°° computer °°°



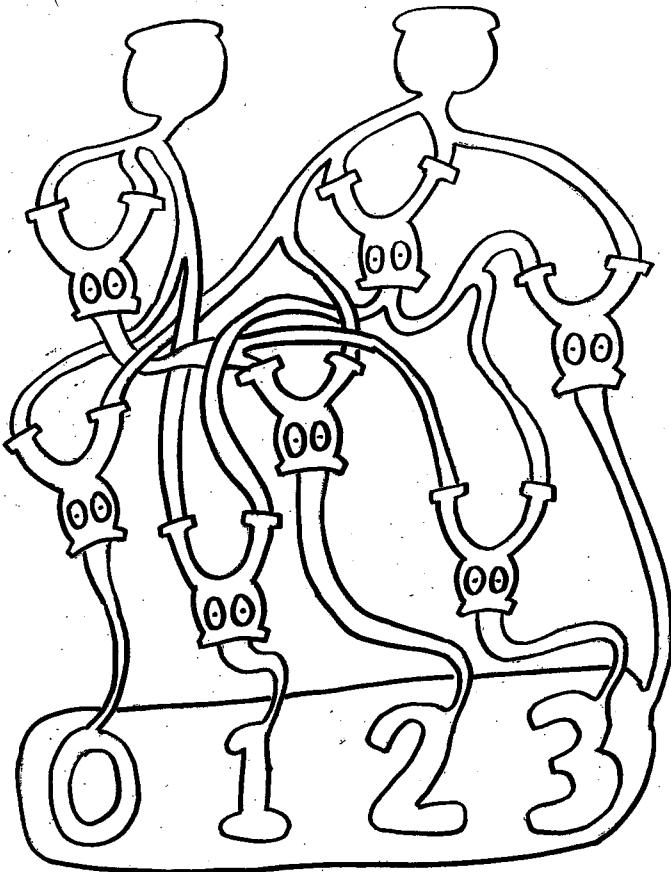
°°° 18 °°°

°°° computer °°°



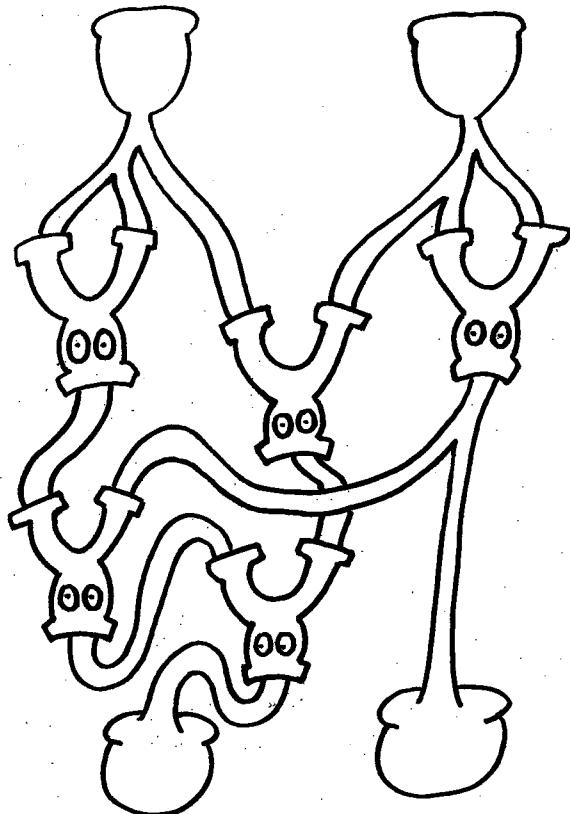
°°° 23 °°°

°°° computer °°°

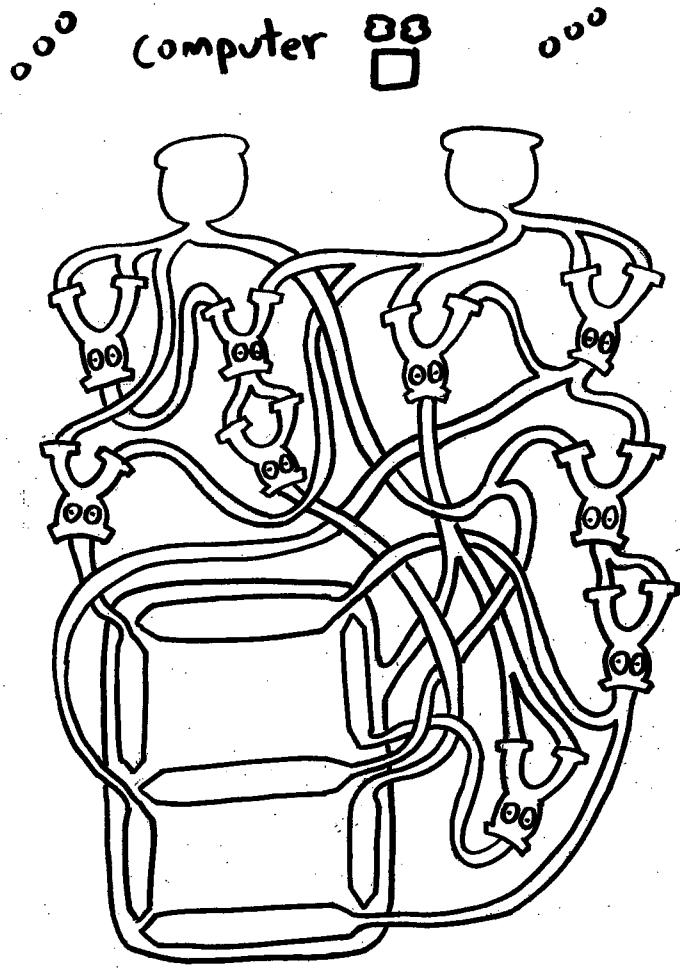


°°° 20 °°°

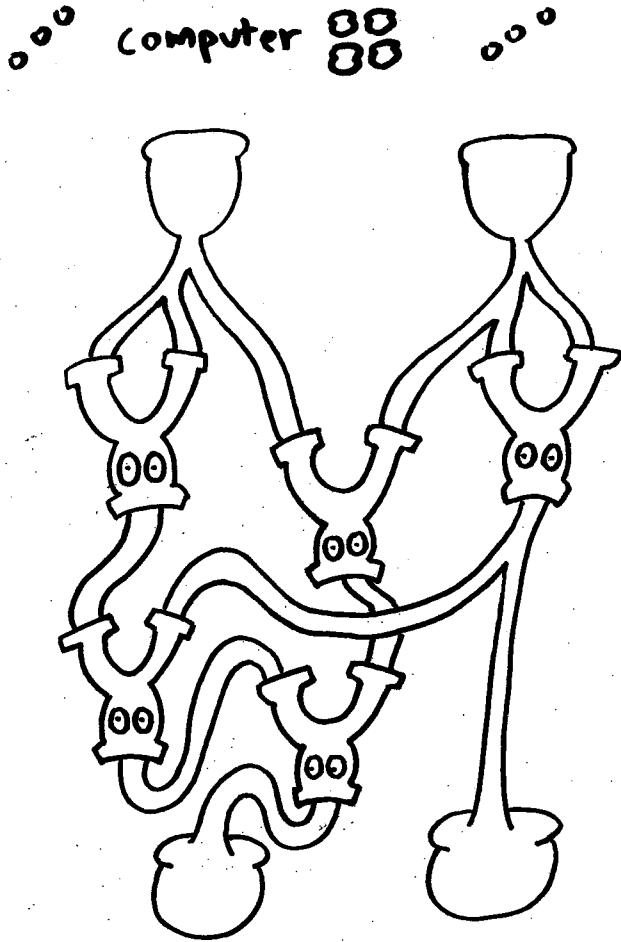
°°° computer °°°



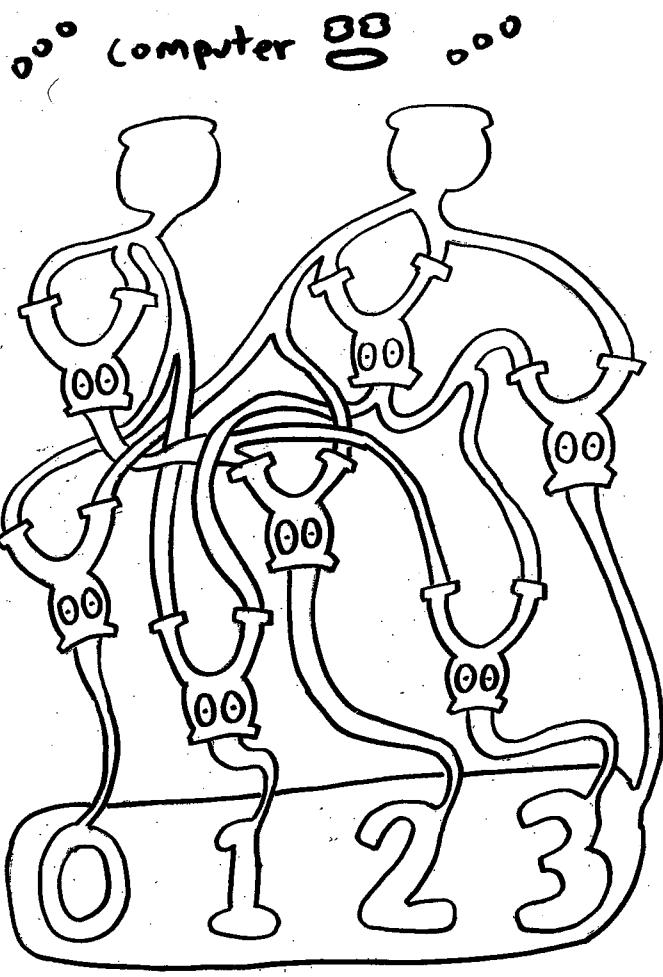
°°° 21 °°°



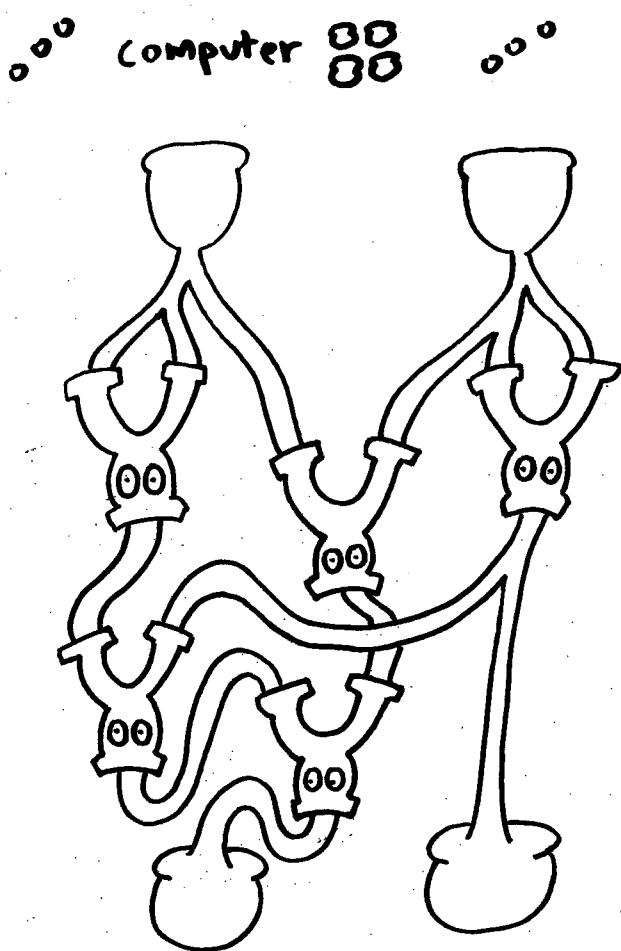
„24“



„17“



„22“



„19“